

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.webje.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/585,837	07/12/2006	Julie Lyn Cook	DC10009 PCT 1	7865
137 759 129242999 DOW CORNING CORPORATION C01232 2200 W. SALZBURG ROAD P.O. BOX 994 MIDLAND, MI 48686-0994		EXAM	IINER	
		ZIMMER, MARC S		
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,,			1796	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/24/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patents.admin@dowcorning.com

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/585.837 COOK ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit MARC S. ZIMMER 1796 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 July 2006. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 3 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1.2 and 4-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Ap	plication	Papers	

9) The specification is objected	to by the Examiner.
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on	is/are: a) accepted or b)

) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:

1.	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2.	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No
3.	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attac	hm	ent	(s
57			

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	 Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date
3) X Information Displaceure Statement(e) (FTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 07/12/06	6) Other: .

J.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/585,837

Art Unit: 1796

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filled in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 2, and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Oda et al., U.S. Patent # 6,825,264. See entries S-8, S-9, and S-10 in Table 1.

Concerning claim 4, this is a product by-process claim where the product is believed to have a structure similar to that of rejected claim 1. Moreover, as Applicant is sure aware, "even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process" *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Given that the products of claim 1 and claim 4 are regarded as equivalent, and claim 1 is clearly unpatentable, than it follows that so too is claim 4.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/585.837

Art Unit: 1796

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2 and 4-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Butler, U.S. Patent # 5,110,890. Butler discloses the formation of MTQ resins that entails the co-hydrolysis/condensation of the silanes (A), (B) and (C). See the abstract. Relevant to the present discussion, simple calculation of the relative molar contributions of the compounds contributing M, T, and Q units in the Examples verifies that the limitations related to claimed subscripts "a" through "d" are satisfied. Indeed, the only element of the claims not directly anticipated by the prior art is an express teaching of the employment of a silane RSiY₃ in the examples where R = propyl. Nevertheless, trifunctional silanes containing any of the lower hydrocarbon substituents as R is clearly envisaged by the description at column 2, lines 31-50 and it is the Examiner's position that the replacement of any of the permutations of RSiY₃ in the Examples with, for instance, propyltrichlorosilane would have been obvious.

As for claims 5-10, it should first be stated that the phrases "personal care" and "hair care", and the term "cosmetic" are treated simply as recitations of intended use as in "a product to be used in a personal care (composition)" though it is acknowledged that the invention described by the prior art must be capable of serving in the specified capacity. To the extent that each of claims 5 to 10 mentions only the resin as an ingredient of the personal care, hair care/cosmetic product, any reference that teaches or suggests that resin will be held up as anticipatory of the aforementioned products.

Art Unit: 1796

Claims 5-10 are not regarded as being unpatentable over Oda because Oda discloses a comparable resin in the context of preparing a flame retardant thermoplastic composition. Given that these compositions are largely comprised of a thermoplastic, they would not be feasible as personal care products.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 3 is allowable. The Examiner found no description of the formation of an MTQ resin that entailed equilibrating a mixture of silsesquioxane and an MQ resin.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARC S. ZIMMER whose telephone number is (571)272-1096. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jim Seidleck can be reached on 571-272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/585,837 Page 5

Art Unit: 1796

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

December 18, 2009

/Marc S. Zimmer/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796